Understanding Mental Illness

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Mental Health vs Mental Illness



Magic Wand



Myths

- Myth #1: Psychiatric disorders are not true medical illnesses like heart disease and diabetes. People who have a mental illness are just "crazy."
- Fact: Brain disorders, like heart disease and diabetes, are legitimate medical illnesses. Research shows there are genetic and biological causes for psychiatric disorders, and they can be treated effectively.

Myths

- Myth #2: People with a severe mental illness, such as schizophrenia, are usually dangerous and violent.
- Fact: Statistics show that the incidence of violence in people who have a brain disorder is not much higher than it is in the general population. Those suffering from a psychosis such as schizophrenia are more often frightened, confused and despairing than violent.

Myths

- Myth #3: Mental illness is the result of bad parenting.
- Fact: Most experts agree that a genetic susceptibility, combined with other risk factors, leads to a psychiatric disorder. In other words, mental illnesses have a physical cause.

Myths

- Myth #4: Depression results from a personality weakness or character flaw, and people who are depressed could just snap out of it if they tried hard enough.
- Fact: Depression has nothing to do with being lazy or weak. It results from changes in brain chemistry or brain function, and medication and/or psychotherapy often help people to recover.

Myths

- Myth #5: Schizophrenia means split personality, and there is no way to control it.
- Fact: Schizophrenia is often confused with multiple personality disorder. Actually, schizophrenia is a brain disorder that robs people of their ability to think clearly and logically. People with schizophrenia have symptoms ranging from social withdrawal to hallucinations and delusions. Medication has helped many of these individuals to lead fulfilling, productive lives.

Mental Illness Classifications

- **>** Psychosis
- **≻**Mood
- **≻**Anxiety

Psychosis

- ➤ Definition: delusions, hallucinations, incoherence, and distorted perceptions of reality
- > Hallucinations vs. Delusions
- The 5 senses:
 - >auditory, visual, tactile, olfactory, gustatory

Mood

- > Prolonged sadness or unexplained crying spells
- Significant changes in appetite and sleep patterns
- ➤ Irritability, anger, worry, agitation, anxiety
- ➤ Pessimism, indifference
- Loss of energy, persistent lethargy
- Feelings of guilt, worthlessness
- ➤ Inability to concentrate, indecisiveness
- Inability to take pleasure in former interests, social withdrawal
- > Recurring thoughts of death or suicide

Anxiety

- > Feelings of apprehension or dread
- ➤ Trouble concentrating
- Feeling tense and jumpy
- ➤ Anticipating the worst
- ➤ Irritability
- ▶ Restlessness
- Watching for signs of danger
- Feeling like your mind's gone blank

How can I Interact in a way that is helpful?



What am I observing?

Face to Face:

- **≻**Scene
- **≻**Affect
- **≻**Appearance

In Conversation:

- ➤ Orientation x 4
 - **≻**Person
 - **≻**Place
 - **≻**Time
 - **≻**Situation

Helpful Interaction

Set Limits

Set a time limit, no more than 5 minutes

Establish Purpose

- ➤ What is the purpose of your call, how can I help?
- What is the most important thing you need me to know right now?
- How can I help you with that concern right now?

Helpful Interaction

- ➤ Speak in a calm voice
- ➤ Make eye contact
- >Ask simple, short questions
- ➤ Give one step requests/suggestions
- ➤ Keep focus on purpose of call/interaction
- ➤ Be transparent Tell them what you are doing

Non-Helpful Interaction

- "I know how you feel"
- >Allow no decision making
- ➤Intrude into personal space
- ➤ Give flippant responses (e.g. don't worry)
- ► Lack of respect
- >Attempt to provide evidence that the thought/feeling is not valid

When is Referral Necessary?

Criteria for Involuntary Admission to Psychiatric Hospital

- ➤Threat of harm to self/others
- ► Has a mental illness
- Least restrictive level of treatment
- ➤ Can benefit from treatment

Questions/Comments

Robin Williams Virginia Wolfe Jim Carrey

Catherine Zeta-Jones Ernest Hemmingway Karen Carpenter

Carrie Fisher Sir Isaac Newton Charles Dickens

Abraham Lincoln

John Nash Leo Tolstoy Patty Duke Beethtoven

Tennessee Williams Winston Churchill